

thy Dominion; he hath fitted thee with Language, to improve by Society; and exalted thy Mind with the Powers of Meditation, to contemplate and adore his inimitable Perfections.

And in the Laws he hath ordained as the Rule of thy Life, so kindly hath he suited thy Duty to thy Nature, that Obedience to his Precepts is Happiness to thyself.

"O praise his Goodness with Songs of Thanks: giving, and meditate in Silence on the Wonders of his Love; let thy Heart overflow with Gratitude and Acknowledgement, let the Language of thy Lips speak Praise and Adoration, let the Actions of thy Life show thy Love to his Law."

The Lord is just and righteous; and will judge the Earth with Equity and Truth.

Hath he established his Laws in Goodness and Mercy, and shall he not punish the Transgressors thereof?

O think not, bold Man! because thy Punishment is delay'd, that the Arm of the Lord is weaken'd, neither flatter thyself with Hopes that he winketh at thy Doings.

His Eye pierceth the Secrets of every Heart, and he remembereth them for ever: He respecteth not the Persons, or the Stations of Men.

The High and the Low, the Rich and the Poor, the Wise and the Ignorant, when the Soul hath shaken off the cumbersome Shackles of this mortal Life; shall equally receive from the Sentence of God, a just and everlasting Retribution, according to their Works.

Then shall the Wicked tremble and be afraid; but the Heart of the Righteous shall rejoice in his Judgments.

"O fear the Lord, therefore, all the Days of thy Life, and walk in the Paths which he hath opened before thee. Let Prudence admonish thee, let Temperance restrain; let Justice guide thy Heart, Benevolence warm thy Heart, and Gratitude to Heaven inspire thee with Devotion. These shall give thee Happiness in thy present State, and bring thee to the Mansions of eternal Felicity in the Paradise of God."

L O N D O N.

From the London Magazine, for February, 1752.
A C R O S T I C H S.

Being Advice to a ———.

PURSU E such Measures, that the Land may be A t all Times sure to find a Friend in Thee, R efuse, abhor to give thy Vote for Pelf: L et not your Country's Weal be lost in S E L F. I n every Consultation and Debate A im, calmly, Sir, the Truth to investigate. M ake just Remarks, yet give another Praise, E xcept oblig'd, oppose not what he says: N or be as those, who never will agree, T alking for Praise, or else for Victory.

MA R K my Advice, as an unerring Chart A lways preserve a true, an upright Heart, N ever from God and Goodness to depart.

C. MORTON.

Feb. 27. Tuesday the House of Peers were pleased to put off the Bill to CHANGE THE PUNISHMENT OF FELONY, FROM TRANSPORTATION, TO CONFINEMENT AND HARD LABOUR IN HIS MAJESTY'S DOCK-YARDS, for six Weeks, so that it is thought it will not pass into a Law this Session.

Feb. 29. Yesterday a very remarkable Cause was tried and determined in the Arches Court of Canterbury at Doctors Commons, before the Rt. Hon. Sir George Lee, Knt. The Prosecution was begun sometime since by Mrs. R——— R———, of Ely, against the Rev. Mr. W——— n, Rector of ———, in the County of ———, for Restitution of conjugal Rites. The Case was this: A bout five and twenty Years ago Mr. W——— n, who was then a Student at Cambridge, and about the Age of nineteen Years, came up to Town on Purpose, and was married at the Fleet to Mrs. R———; and immediately after the Ceremony was over Mr. W——— n absconded, and confined himself in a private Room, which was by Mrs. R——— broke open, when he absolutely refused to consummate the Marriage by bedding with her, though she tempted him with five Guineas for a Night's Lodging, which is no inconsiderable Sum for a Student in either of our Universities; however Mr. W——— n could not be prevailed on, and they parted without Consummation, and continued so almost twenty Years; when Mr. W——— n, thinking himself free from any matrimonial Contract, not having bedded with Mrs. R———, took to Wife about seven Years since one Miss ———, with whom he lived perfectly happy; and was

blest with five Children by her; but no sooner was the Rev. Mr. W——— n a second Time married, but his first Wife commenced this Suit; and the Judge was pleased to pronounce for the Validity of the first Marriage, though not consummated, and condemned Mr. W——— n in Costs, and ordered him to take his first Wife home, to the no small Mortification of the other.

The following Article from Patis may be reckon'd upon as authentic.

March 2. N. S. This Day the great Cause betwixt the late Lord Bolinbroke and Monsieur de Montomarin, which has been depending before the Parliament for some Months past, was determined, finally and entirely, in Favour of the former. The Marquis of Montomarin is nonsuited in all his Demands; and condemned to refund the Sums he had received in France, with Interest from the Day of his receiving them. He is condemned besides to pay all the Costs of Suit. A memorable Instance of the Equity of the Judges! and of the noble Impartiality with which distributive Justice is administered in that venerable Tribunal.

March 3. We have an Account from Leghorn, that one John Trunishnek, a Grenadier in the Regiment of Bareuth, died there lately, and was buried with the highest military Honours; the greater Part of the Garrison and all the Officers of his own Regiment assisting thereat. He was a Soldier in the Siege of Vienna in 1683, served in all the Wars of the Emperors Joseph and Charles the VIth, and made his last Campaign in 1739, against the Turks: He was a Hundred and Two complete, as active as a Man of Forty, and died after three Days Sickness.

Yesterday, a poor Girl, who lay in, in St. Martin's Workhouse, of a Bastard Child, was brought before a Magistrate to be examined, and in Consequence of her having brought a Charge on the Parish, to be committed to Bridewell. On her Examination it appeared, that she had been betrayed, under Promise of Marriage, by a Fellow, who has since been transported. The innocent Infant, about a Month old, was hanging at her Breast, which roused such Compassion in a Lady who happened to be present, that she generously, in the poor Girl's Behalf, gave Security to the Parish, promised to take Care of the helpless Infant, and provide for the Mother.

March 6. On Tuesday Morning a young Gentleman was taken up as a Highwayman, by a Man who lives on the other Side of the Bridge. This Fellow had taken Notice of the Description of one who was known for some Time past to have infested the Surrey Road; and upon seeing him, he immediately seized him upon Suspicion, and carried him before Justice Hammond, who committed him to New Prison for further Examination. He proves to be the Son of the late unfortunate Earl of K———, and is said to have been concerned with the Attorney's Son lately taken. We hear he intends to turn Evidence, by which a Combination of Persons of some Distinction, who have engaged in this dangerous and fraudulent Course, will be discovered.

St. James's, March 31. His Majesty set out from hence this Morning, about five o'Clock, for Harwich, to embark on board the Royal Caroline for Holland.

B O S T O N, May 25.

At a General Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of this Town, on Tuesday, the 12th Current, the following Vote was passed, viz.

Whereas the Right Honourable Alexander Lord Colvil, Commander of his Majesty's Ship Success, has upon all Occasions, during his Station here, for about three Years past, discovered the utmost Readiness to do every Thing in his Power for promoting the Interest of the Province, and of this Town in particular, and by his Conduct and good Services has given great Satisfaction to the Town. And the Freeholders and Inhabitants taking the same into Consideration, proposed, and thereupon unanimously voted, That the Thanks of the Town be, and are hereby given to his Lordship, for his aforesaid good Services and good Conduct, during his Station here. And the Gentlemen, the Select-men, are desired to wait upon his Lordship, and in the Name of the Town present him with their Thanks accordingly.

And on Monday last, the Select-men waited upon his Lordship, and presented him with the Thanks of the Town, who thereupon gave the following Answer in Writing, viz.

"Gentlemen,

I A M extremely sensible of the Honour done me by the Metropolis of America; and had I known six Months ago, how well the Freeholders, and other Inhabitants of this great Town were affected towards me, I would have applied to the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, to be con-

tinued on this Station: But as it is now too late, I can only say, That whenever the American Stations are to be relieved, I shall think myself happy if I can return to a Country which has already given me such Marks of Esteem and Regard.

C O L V I L.

Newport, May 15. Last Mail brought Dispatches of great Consequence from White-Hall, to the Governor, &c. of this Colony, in which are said to be an Order of the King and Council, under the Broad Seal, empowering and commanding the Lords of Trade and Plantations, to nominate and appoint all the Governors, Lieutenant Governors, Counsellors, Secretaries and King's Attorneys throughout the British Colonies of America. A Copy of the Order or Writ of Privy Council was covered by a Letter from their Lordships of Trade, admonishing the Authority here, to conduct themselves conformable to these Resolutions or Decree of State.

(Tis expected we shall have a more plain and particular Account of the Purport of these Dispatches in a very short Time. Boston News Letter.)

June 8. The Great and General Court have made a Grant of Six Hundred Pounds (lawful Money) for the Relief of the Poor of the Town of Boston, under their Distresses occasioned by the Small Pox; which Money is immediately to be put into the Hands of the Overseers of the Poor, to be disposed of according to their best Discretion.

His Honour the Lieutenant Governor, with the Advice of his Majesty's Council, and at the Desire of the House of Representatives, has been pleased to issue a Proclamation, appointing Thursday the second Day of July next, to be observed as a Day of Fasting and Prayer throughout the Province, on Account of the Small Pox, and other malignant Diseases now in many Parts of the Land.

We hear, that a BRIEF will accompany the Proclamations, to be read at the same Time in every Assembly, exhorting all well disposed Persons to contribute towards the Relief of the Poor in this Town.

An Account of the Number of People who have died in this Town for several Weeks past, as we find it published weekly in the Boston Gazette.

From April 7, to April 14, eighteen Whites, and one Black.

From April 14, to April 21, Twenty five Whites, and three Blacks.

From April 21, to April 28, Twenty one Whites, and three Blacks.

From April 28, to May 5, Twenty six Whites, and five Blacks.

From May 5, to May 12, Forty two Whites, and five Blacks.

From May 12, to May 19, Forty eight Whites, and eleven Blacks.

From May 19, to May 26, Sixty eight Whites, and nine Blacks.

From May 26, to June 2, Eighty five Whites, and eight Blacks.

From June 2, to June 9, Seventy five Whites, and eight Blacks.

N E W Y O R K, June 8.

Last Week arrived here, Via Boston, Capt. Robert Troup, late of the Brig. Hester, of this Port; who sail'd from hence the fifth of January last, bound for Jamaica: About twelve Days after he left Sandy Hook, he met with a violent North Wind, which obliged him to lay to; and on the 21st of January, the Gale ceasing, he found himself close aboard the North Side of Hispaniola, when a stark Calm ensued, and the Vessel was drove ashore by the Violence of the Surf, close under a Cliff, about 15 Leagues to Leeward of Cape Francois; the People, with the utmost Difficulty of their Lives, just escap'd to Shore, and the Vessel in a few Minutes was dash'd all to Pieces. When they found themselves going ashore, they let go all their Anchors, and used all other Methods possible to save their Vessel, but having a little Command of her, they found themselves oblig'd to submit. Thus the famous Hester, who, while a Privateer, brought many Frenchmen Bones against their Wills into New York, was providentially oblig'd to leave her Bones on a French Coast.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, June 11.

Since our last the Snow Good Intent (late commanded by Captain Watson) arriv'd here from Antigua: This Vessel was designed for this Place with Palatines from Rotterdam last Fall, but coming late on the Coast, and beating till the tenth or twelfth of January, was obliged to bear away for the West Indies, and got into Antigua, after being Twenty-four Weeks at Sea; in which Time the People suffer'd great Hardships, by want of Provisions and Sickness. When she came in here, there was only the Mate left, of all the Officers, and two or three of the Foremast Men; and a few of the Passengers.

A N N A P O L I S A S S E M B L Y A F F A I R S.

[Which concludes the

Monday, June 22,

A T calling over the House, who appear'd on Saturday, and two, who were not then appeared.

The Bill, relating to Disputes Meetings, was brought to the House, and passed.

A Message was sent to the Upper House, that the Lower House two Members [naming them] to Honours should nominate, to agree for the raising of the Wall of the

The Upper House sent a Message thereto, that they had appointed Members [naming them] for that

Another Message was sent to relating to an Overplus of 8 l. ling, paid by the Administrator of deceased, and proposing the Money back.

In answer to which, a Message from the Upper House, signifying the Proposal.

Post Meridiam. Three Bills were brought to the Upper House; viz.

The Supplementary Act [Numbered] Which was passed:

The Bill for raising Three Hundred Pounds, for Payment of an Agent's

And, The Bill for reducing the Members of the General Assembly proposed Amendments, to which would not agree.

A Message was brought from the [with the Bill for Encouragement of Trade:] to this Purpose, "That

"that Bill with a Negative, because

"Rum and Spirits is appropriated

"public Charge of the Province

"Negroes that are executed for

"for, and the Commissions to the

"for the Fifteen Pence Sterling

"the Sinking Fund, are to be

"said Duty; and therefore those

"to have been provided for, upon

"Duty."

The Journal of Accounts was brought from the Upper House, not affording a Message, importing, "That the

"tioned and referred to by the

"6th of June 1751, are not inserted

"nal, and that therefore they are

"that such Allowances might be

"with some Articles which have

"that Time, which are likewise

"Journal."

Fifteen Ingrossed Bills, [Numbered] in our last, with the Paper Bill

the Upper House for their Examination

Then the House adjourned.

Tuesday, June 23

Upon Calling over the House, were missing, who were present Yesterday.

The Eastern Shore Treasurer was read, and sent to the Upper House.

Mr. Abraham Falconar, a Member of Kent County (in the Room of Mr. deceased), appeared in the House and took his Seat.

The Ingrossed Bill [Numbered 16, sent to the Upper House, with the

The Petition of Mr. William County, complaining of an undue

vour of Mr. Falconar, was read the next Session.

The Paper Bills were brought to the House, and each thus certified; "Bill, whereof this is the Original

"assented to."

Two Members were sent with a Message to acquaint his Honour the President

finest lay before the House.

Two Members from the Upper House, Mr. Speaker, that his Honour required the Attendance of the Members of the Upper House.

Mr. Speaker left the Chair, and by the Members to the Upper House presented to his Honour the President another, all the Bills which had passed, and were Ingrossed, for his Paper the Clerks of each House first read

All which [as inserted in our last, &c.] his Honour passed into Law in the usual manner, by affixing the Seal of the declaring, "On Behalf of the R